## Higgs case and s 34(1) time limits - an update

**Management of taxes** 

01 March 2016

Update

In my article on p47 of December 2015's *Tax Adviser*, I covered HMRC's interpretation of the Upper Tribunal's decision in *R (oao Higgs) v HMRC* [2015] UKUT 92 and said we had asked HMRC to provide a statement for our members. It reads:

'Further to the decision in *R* (oao Higgs) v HMRC [2015], HMRC have decided not to appeal the Upper Tier Tribunal decision. That means that, in certain circumstances, HMRC will process self-assessments however late that they are received.

There has been a change in internal guidance which sets out the circumstances in which HMRC believe that the interpretation in Higgs relates to. These are:

- That the return has been requested in response to an s 8 TMA 1970 Notice to File.
- That there has been no determination of tax for the tax year.
- That the return is an original return is not an amendment to an earlier return under s 8 TMA 1970.

'When these are met, HMRC will accept and process the return submitted whether there is a liability due or a repayment to issue.

'However, on 25 November 2015 at Autumn Statement, the Chancellor of the Exchequer announced a new measure to clarify the time limits so that it was clear for customers when they need to submit their self-assessments to HMRC.

There will be four years from the end of the tax year to submit selfassessments. This will be for tax years 2013–14 onwards. This will be phased, and there will be up to 5 April 2017 for all self-assessments for years 2012–13 and prior. This gives customers who have outstanding returns ample time to submit them.'

Draft legislation has been issued which makes clear that:Draft clause 72 of Finance Bill 2016 in effect negates the Higgs decision by introducing clause 34A after s 34 TMA 1970. This sets out that the normal time limit for self-assessments contained in a return under s 8 or s 8A is four years after the end of the tax year it relates to. So the last date that you can submit a self-assessment return for the tax year 2020–21 will be 5 April 2025. The time limit may be longer than four years in two specific instances. They are:

- 1. when HMRC issues a taxpayer with a notice to file within the four-year period, the taxpayer will always have three months to make and deliver their return; and
- 2. time limits in relation to self-assessments made in response to determinations by HMRC will not be affected.

There are some transitional provisions. For self-assessments for 2012–13 and earlier, taxpayers will have until 5 April 2017 to submit them to HMRC. In the explanatory notes to the Finance Bill HMRC repeats its view that it will accept a 'late' self-assessment return for any year from 1996–97 only if it meets the following criteria and if there is an overpayment of tax or a reduction in payments on account. These are when:

- when HMRC issues a taxpayer with a notice to file within the four-year period, the taxpayer will always have three months to make and deliver their return; and
- time limits in relation to self-assessments made in response to determinations by HMRC will not be affected.